

Chapters 1 – 6 Summary

Sociology 101

Spring, 2017

Prof. Fisher

Chapter 1

THINKING LIKE A SOCIOLOGIST

- Key terms
 - Sociology
 - Sociological Imagination

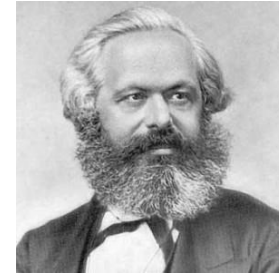
- POET = Population,
Organization,
Environment,
Technology

Chapter 1

THINKING LIKE A SOCIOLOGIST

Four Paradigms,

- Functionalist
- Conflict
- Feminist
- Symbolic Interaction



- Macro
- Micro

Chapter 1

THINKING LIKE A SOCIOLOGIST

- **Functions** are purposes and activities to meet different needs that contribute to a society's stability.
- **Manifest functions** are intended and recognized.
- **Latent functions** are unintended and unrecognized.
- **Dysfunctions** have negative impacts.

Chapter 2

EXAMINING OUR SOCIAL WORLD

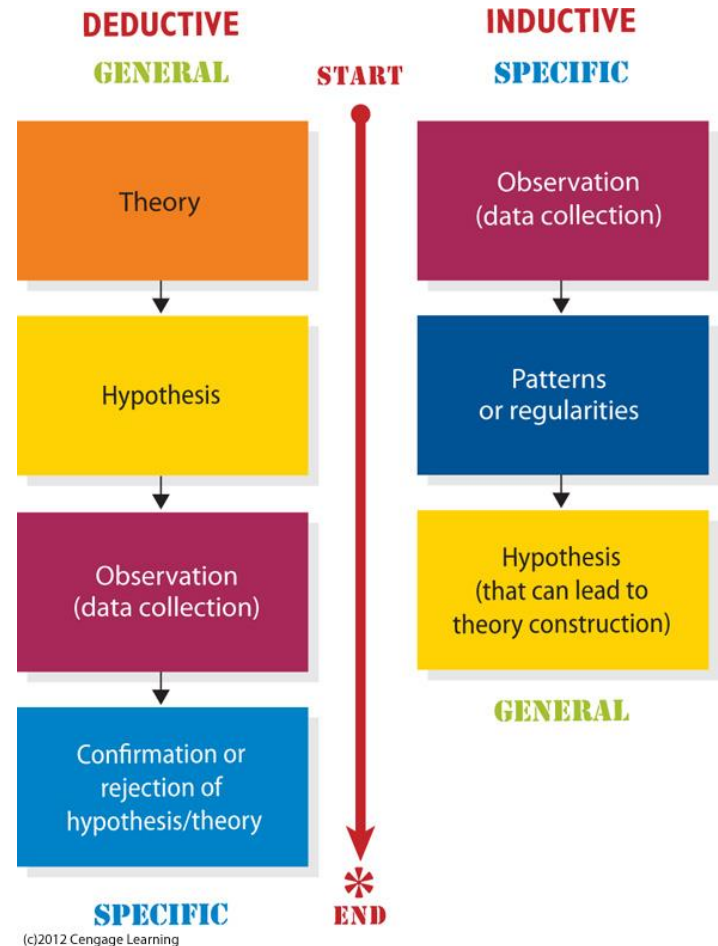
- Method – how we do sociological research
 - *Tradition*: We've always done it that way
Mystical awareness
 - *Authority*: an important source said so
Naïve Awareness
 - *Scientific method*: careful data collection and measurement, appropriate generalizations
Critical Awareness

Chapter 2

EXAMINING OUR SOCIAL WORLD

Scientific method: a research process that includes:

- careful data collection,
- exact measurement,
- accurate recording and
- analysis of findings,
- thoughtful interpretation of the results, and
- appropriate generalizations



Chapter 2

EXAMINING OUR SOCIAL WORLD

Basic Ethical Considerations:

- Do no harm.
- Get the subjects' informed consent.
- Protect subjects' confidentiality.

Chapter 3

Culture

- Culture vs. Society
- Material vs. Non-material
- Symbol
- Values
- Norms – Folkways, Mores, Laws
- Sanctions
- Ethnocentrism vs. Cultural Relativism

Chapter 3

Culture

Process of Cultural Transmission and Change

- **Discovery**
- **Invention**
- **Innovation**
- **Diffusion**

Cultural Lag

Chapter 4

Socialization

- What is socialization?
- Nature vs. Nurture
- Social Learning Theory
 - Direct
 - Indirect
- Age and Socialization
- Looking Glass Self

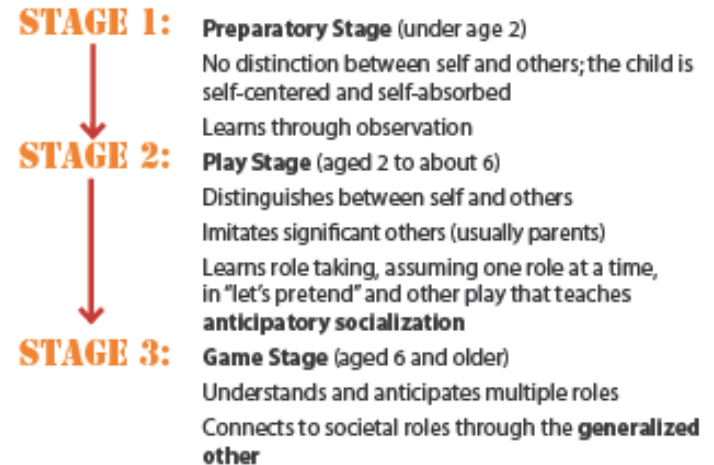
TABLE 4.1

The Nature-Nurture Debate

NATURE	Human development is ... Innate Biological, physiological Due largely to heredity Fairly fixed
NURTURE	Human development is ... Learned Psychological, social, cultural Due largely to environment Fairly changeable

FIGURE 4.1

Mead's Three Stages in Developing a Sense of Self



Chapter 4

Socialization

- Agents of Socialization
- Reference Groups
- Parenting Style –
 - Authoritarian,
 - Authoritative,
 - Permissive,
 - Uninvolved
- Resocialization

Chapter 5

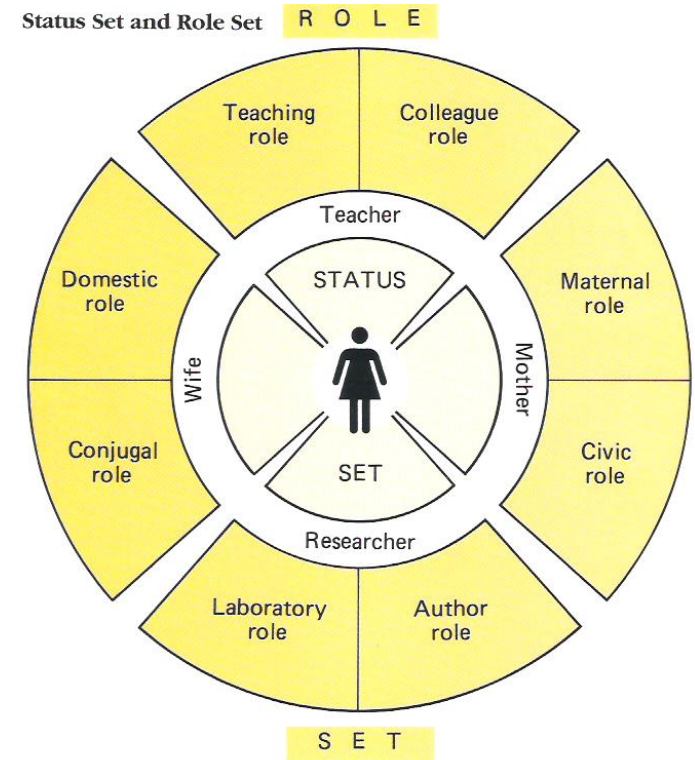
Interaction

Social Interaction	The process by which we act toward and react to people around us
Social Structure	organized pattern of behavior that governs people's relationships
Status	Social position that a person occupies in a society
Role	The behavior expected of a person who has a particular status
Social Construction	(Symbolic Interactionism) Perception of reality is a creation of the social interaction of individuals and groups.

Chapter 5

Interaction

- Status
 - Status Set
 - Ascribed v. Achieved Status
 - Status Inconsistency
- Role
 - Role Set
 - Role Strain v. Role Conflict



Chapter 5

Interaction

- Functionalist
 - Emile Durkheim
 - Social Integration
- Conflict
 - Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels
 - Alienation
- Symbolic
 - Max Weber
 - Status as a function of education, power, kinship
 - Self fulfilling prophecy
 - Goffman and Dramaturgical Analysis

Chapter 6

Groups and Organizations

- Social Group
 - Primary Group
 - Secondary Group
- Social Network
 - Dyad, Tryad, Network
 - Sociogram – star, isolate, un-chosen, etc.
- In-group v. out-group
- Reference group

Chapter 6

Groups and Organizations

- Formal Organizations
- Amatai Etzioni's organizational types
 - Normative - Voluntary
 - Coercive
 - Utilitarian
- Bureaucracy

Chapter 6

Groups and Organizations

- **Functionalist**
 - Manifest, Latent and Dysfunction
- **Conflict**
 - Discrimination
 - Glass Ceiling (feminist)
- **Symbolic**
 - Formal and informal elements in organizations

Chapter 6

Groups and Organizations

- Social Institutions
 - Family, economy, politics, education, religion (for example)

Chapter 15

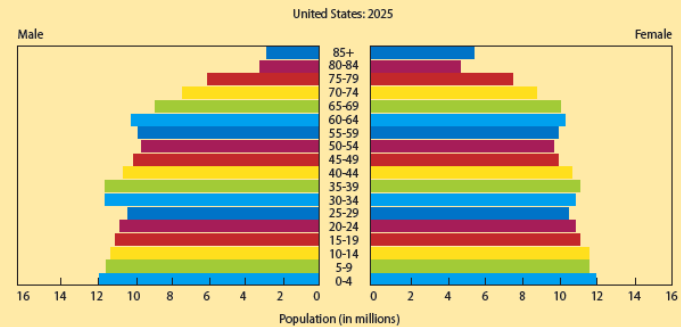
Population

- Demographic Equation

$$\text{Pop}_2 = \text{Pop}_1 + \text{Births} - \text{Deaths} + \text{In Mig} - \text{Out Mig}$$

- Population growth rate
- CBR
- CDR
- Infant Death Rate
- Life Expectancy
- Sex Ratio
- Migration

FIGURE 16.2
Population Pyramid
Projections, 2025



Chapter 15

Population



- Malthusian theory
- Demographic Transition model
 - Preindustrial
 - Early industrialization
 - Advance industrialization
 - Post Industrialization

